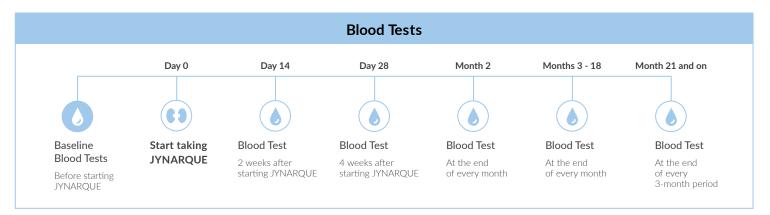


Lab Tracking Form

Specialty Pharmacy		
Provider	Name	Phone number
Patient Experience Liaison (PEL)	Name	Phone number
	Name	Phone number

Use this form to keep track of your blood tests required by the JYNARQUE Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) Program. Blood tests are required at initiation, 2 weeks, 4 weeks, then monthly during the first 18 months, and every 3 months thereafter.



JYNARQUE Progress Chart				
Treatment Duration	Date Labs Completed	Notes		
2 Weeks				
4 Weeks				
2 Months				
3 Months				
4 Months				
5 Months				
6 Months				
7 Months				
8 Months				
9 Months				

JYNARQUE Progress Chart (cont'd)				
Treatment Duration	Date Labs Completed	Notes		
10 Months				
11 Months				
12 Months				
13 Months				
14 Months				
15 Months				
16 Months				
17 Months				
18 Months				



Use the **JYNARQUE REMS calendar** to keep track of **when** you should schedule your blood tests. Download the calendar at **jynarque.com/downloadable-resources#calendar** or scan the QR code.

Contact your healthcare provider if you have any side effects, reactions, or symptoms after starting treatment with JYNARQUE.

Notify the JYNARQUE REMS Program Coordinating Center if you change your JYNARQUE healthcare provider, if your contact information changes, or if you stop treatment with JYNARQUE:

−Phone: 1-866-244-9446 **−Hours of Operation**: 8 am-8 pm ET



INDICATION and IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION for JYNARQUE® (tolvaptan)

INDICATION:

What is JYNARQUE?

JYNARQUE is a prescription medicine used to slow kidney function decline in adults who are at risk for rapidly progressing autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD). It is not known if JYNARQUE is safe and effective in children.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION:

• Serious liver problems. JYNARQUE can cause serious liver problems that can lead to the need for a liver transplant or can lead to death. Stop taking JYNARQUE and call your healthcare provider right away if you get any of the following symptoms:

feeling tired
loss of appetite
nausea
vomiting
fever
fever
part of the eye (jaundice)
dark urine

- right upper stomach (abdomen) pain - itching

or tenderness

It is important that you have a blood test before you start JYNARQUE to help reduce your risk of liver problems. Your healthcare provider will do a blood test to check your liver:

- before you start taking JYNARQUE
- at 2 weeks and 4 weeks after you start treatment with JYNARQUE
- then monthly for 18 months during treatment with JYNARQUE
- and every 3 months from then on

Because of the risk of serious liver problems, JYNARQUE is only available through a restricted distribution program called the JYNARQUE Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) Program.

Do not take JYNARQUE if you:

- have a history of liver problems or have signs or symptoms of liver problems, excluding polycystic liver disease
- cannot feel if you are thirsty or cannot replace fluids by drinking
- have been told that the amount of sodium (salt) in your blood is too high or too low
- are dehydrated
- are allergic to tolvaptan or any of the ingredients in JYNARQUE
- are unable to urinate

Tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- have a history of sodium (salt) levels that are too low
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if tolvaptan will harm your unborn baby. Tell your healthcare provider if you become pregnant or think that you may be pregnant
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if tolvaptan passes into your breast milk. Do not breastfeed during your treatment with JYNARQUE. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your baby during this time

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription medicines, over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

- Taking JYNARQUE with certain medicines could cause you to have too much tolvaptan in your blood. JYNARQUE should not be taken with certain medications. Your healthcare provider can tell you if it is safe to take JYNARQUE with other medicines
- Do not start taking a new medicine without talking to your healthcare provider

JYNARQUE may cause serious side effects, including:

- Too much sodium in your blood (hypernatremia) and loss of too much body fluid (dehydration). In some cases, dehydration can lead to extreme loss of body fluid called hypovolemia. You should drink water when you are thirsty and throughout the day and night. Stop taking JYNARQUE and call your healthcare provider if you cannot drink enough water for any reason, such as not having access to water, or vomiting or diarrhea. Tell your healthcare provider if you get any of the following symptoms:
 - dizziness a change in the way your heart beats
 - fainting feeling confused or weak
 - weight loss

What should you avoid while taking JYNARQUE?

Do not drink grapefruit juice during treatment with JYNARQUE. This could cause you to have too much tolvaptan in your blood.

The most common side effects of JYNARQUE are:

thirst and increased fluid intake

• making large amounts of urine, urinating often, and urinating at night

These are not all the possible side effects of JYNARQUE. Talk to your healthcare provider about any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away. For more information, ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist.

If you have any questions about your health or medicines, talk to your healthcare professional.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Otsuka America Pharmaceutical, Inc. at <u>1-800-438-9927</u> or FDA at <u>1-800-FDA-1088</u> (www.fda.gov/medwatch).

Please read FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION, including BOXED WARNING, and MEDICATION GUIDE.



Otsuka America Pharmaceutical, Inc.